

Alpha-tubulin Antibody

Catalog # ASC11595

Specification

Alpha-tubulin Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, E
Primary Accession Q13748

Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Reactivity
Human, Mouse, Rat
Rabbit
Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Calculated MW Predicted: 50 kDa KDa

Application Notes

Tubulin antibody can be used for detection of Tubulin by Western blot at 0.5 and 1

μg/mL.

Alpha-tubulin Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID **7278**

Target/Specificity

TUBA3C;

Reconstitution & Storage

Alpha-tubulin antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.

Precautions

Alpha-tubulin Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Alpha-tubulin Antibody - Protein Information

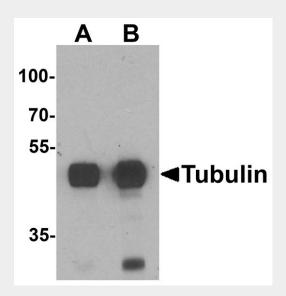
Alpha-tubulin Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Alpha-tubulin Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of Tubulin in mouse brain tissue lysate with Tubulin antibody at (A) 0.5 and (B) 1 μ g/mL.

Alpha-tubulin Antibody - Background

Alpha-tubulin Antibody: Alpha-tubulin belongs to the tubulin superfamily, which is composed of six distinct families. Along with beta-tubulins, alpha-tubulins are the major components of microtubules. These microtubules are involved in a wide variety of cellular activities ranging from mitosis and transport events to cell movement and the maintenance of cell shape. Alpha- and beta-tubulin dimers are assembled to 13 protofilaments that form a microtubule of 22-nm diameter. Tyrosine ligase adds a C-terminal tyrosine to monomeric alpha-tubulin. Assembled microtubules can again be detyrosinated by a cytoskeleton-associated carboxypeptidase. Another post-translational modification of detyrosinated alpha-tubulin is C-terminal polyglutamylation, which is characteristic of microtubules in neuronal cells and the mitotic spindle. Like GAPDH and beta-Actin, this antibody makes an excellent loading control in immunoblots.

Alpha-tubulin Antibody - References

McKean PG, Vaughan S, and Gull K. The extended tubulin family. J. Cell Sci. 2001; 114:2723-33. Barra HA, Arce CA, and Argarana CE. Posttranslational tyrosination/detyrosination of tubulin. Mol. Neurobiol. 1988; 2:133-53.

Fukshima N, Furuta D, Hidaka Y, et al. Post-translational modifications of tubulin in the nervous system. J. Neurochem. 2009; 109:683-693.